

# Assessing Delaware's Vulnerability to Sea Level Rise



*Delaware's Sea Level Rise Initiative*



# Vulnerability to Sea Level Rise

“Potential for loss or harm to exposed assets due to complex interactions among natural processes, land use decisions and community resilience”

*NOAA (2010). Adapting to climate change: a planning guide for coastal managers*

**Vulnerability = Exposure (Inundation) and Adaptive Capacity**

**Includes built environment and social aspects.**

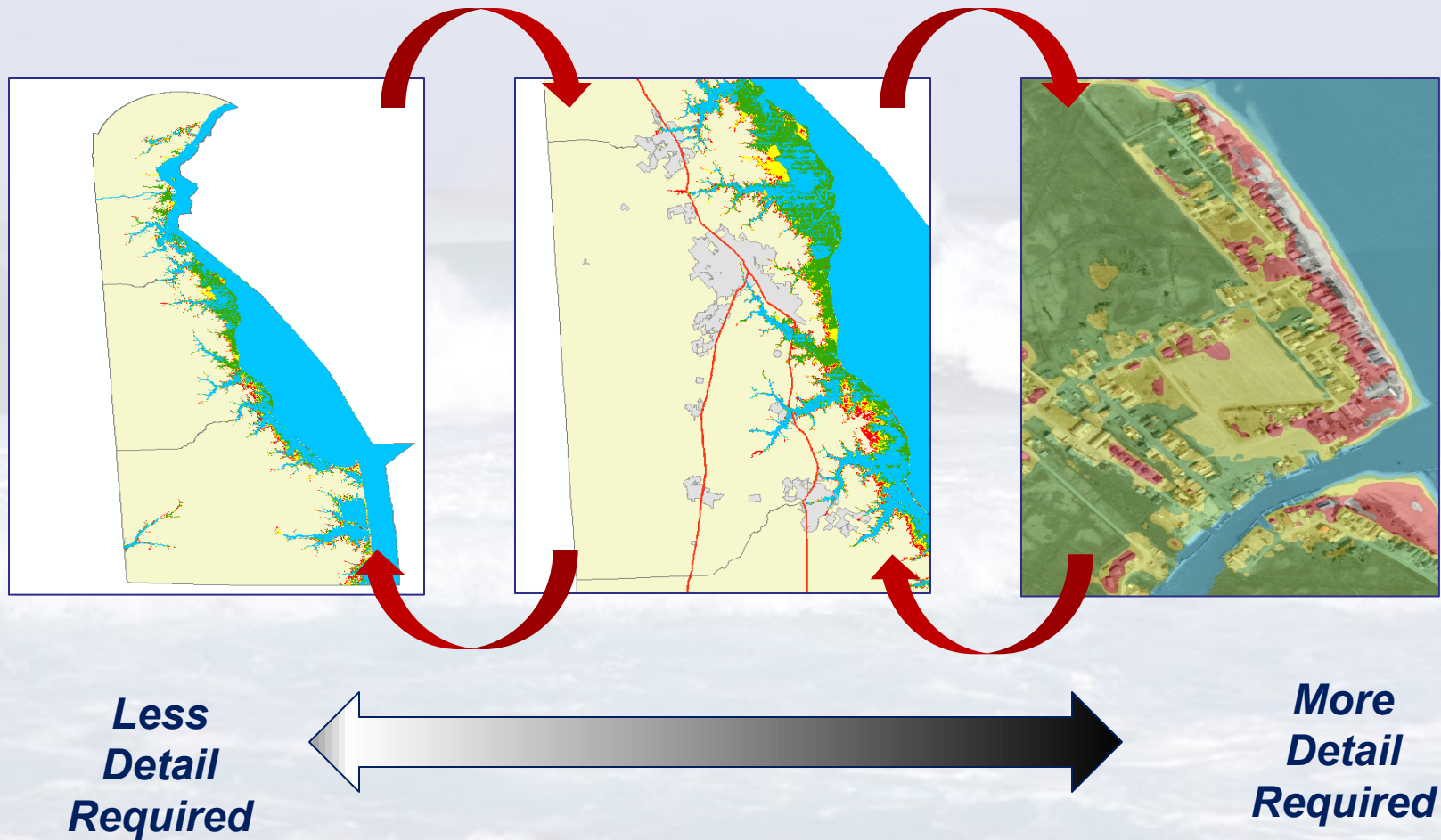


# Vulnerability to Sea Level Rise

“Generally speaking, vulnerability ... means the potential of loss.” *Cutter, et. al. (2003).*

- Varies geographically
- Varies over time
- Varies among social groups
- Well understood for built environment, less understood for social vulnerability (due to difficulty of defining them).
- Detail needed depends on geographic scale & issue.
- Much of the social vulnerability is defined community by community. (risk tolerance, etc.)

# Scale of Vulnerability Assessment may affect data use and need.



# Screening Level Assessment (Target set at Feb. 2011 mtg.)

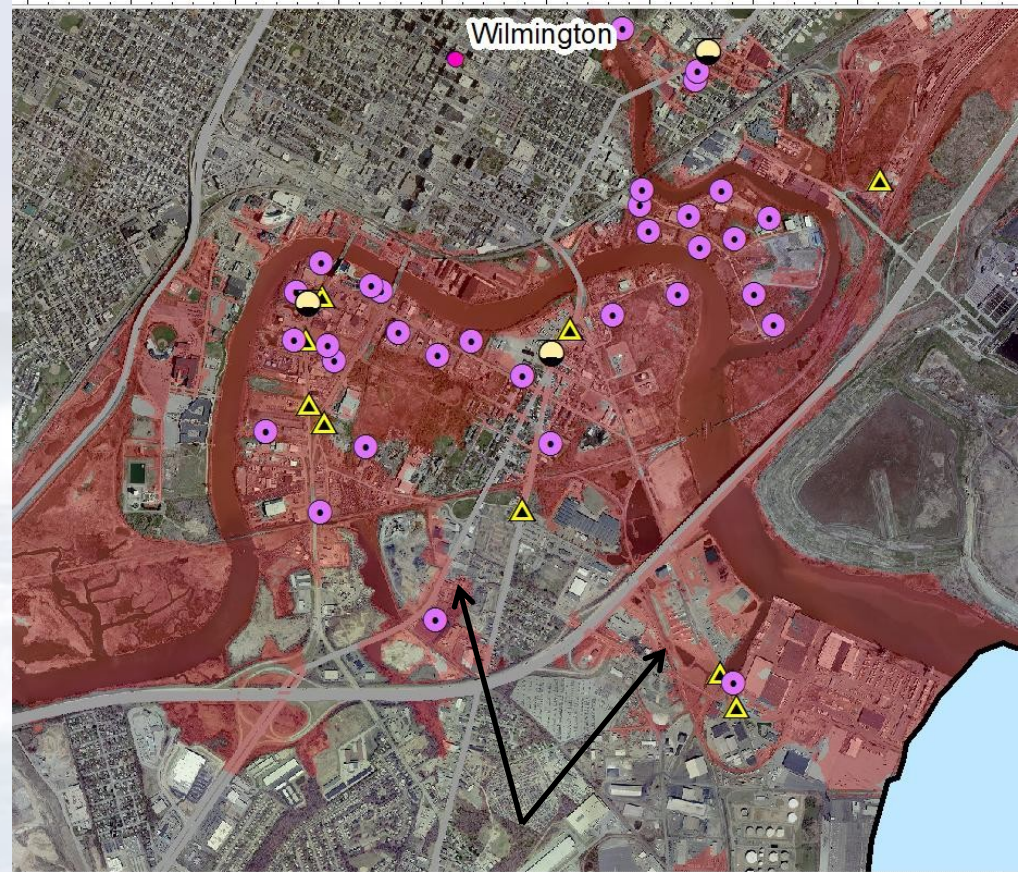
- SLRAC will be conducting a statewide screening assessment to use as baseline for developing adaptation strategies
- Information developed will be at a statewide scale
- Statewide assessment will indicate areas that require more study or assessment
  - ✓ Will be done in later phases or during implementation





# Step 1 – Determine Exposure (Completed)

- Asks the question – “Is X within an inundated area”
- Requires:
  - ✓ Inundation maps
  - ✓ Location of assets/resources/infrastructure of concern
  - ✓ QA/QC by subject matter experts
- Provides basic info regarding how much, what kind and where



Potential Exposure of Hazardous Sites at 1.5 meters of Sea Level Rise

# Step 2 – Determine Adaptive Capacity

## (Some complete, but gaps exist)

- Subjective exercise
- Asks, if X is inundated, what are the potential:
  - ✓ Economic Impacts
  - ✓ Social Impacts
  - ✓ Environmental Impact
- Asks what programs, funding and people are involved in managing X (not complete)
- Asks what regulations and policies exist for managing X (not completed)

# Put it all together...

- Describes and maps resources that are exposed to SLR
- Describe how data can be used, and where additional detail may be needed for more local scale.
- Provides information necessary to begin identifying strategies
- Describes ability to manage, preserve or protect exposed resources (Do as part of Strategy Development in next phase/step).





# Workgroup Products



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# Natural Resources

## Contents:

- Water Resources
- Beaches and Dunes
- Upland Forest
- Flora & Fauna
- Conservation Lands
- Agricultural

## Sections:

- Exposure
- Users & Uses
- Fiscal Capacity
- Regs & Policies
- Economic Impact
- Social Impact
- Environmental Impact
- Add'l Info



# Society & Economy

## Contents

- Commercial
- Industrial
- Residential
- Future Development
- Agriculture
- Vulnerable Populations
- Community Assets
- Tourism and Recreation
- Historic and Cultural

## Sections

- Exposure
- Users and Uses
- Fiscal Capacity
- Regulations and Policies
- Economic Impact
- Social Impact
- Environmental Impact
- Add'l info



# Public Safety & Infrastructure

## Contents

- Public Safety
  - Police, Fire, Ambulance, Dams, Tidegates...
- Transportation
  - Airports, DART, Roads and bridges, Port, Boat Ramps...
- Utilities
  - Wastewater, Wells, Underground utilities, cell towers, telephone...
- Services
  - Adult care, hospitals, schools, government buildings...
- Industrial
  - Brownfields, Landfills, Hazardous Waste, storage tanks...

## Sections

- Exposure
- Impact based on Inundation Level
- Add'l Criteria needed to assess impact
- Social Impacts
- Economic Impacts
- Environmental Impacts

